Teacher's Manual

WHAT DO THESE BIDS MEAN?

A BRIEF BIDDING REVIEW

Timothy LeVan

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Table of Contents

FIRST SEAT – Opener Bids	
Part One – Opening BALANCED Hands (Opponents pass)	
	2
Opener Minimum.	
<u>12-14 balanced points</u> – Open One of a Suit, then rebid 1NT	3
Opener Medium	5
15-17 balanced points – Open 1NT	
Quantitative, Stayman, Jacoby Transfers, Relay to the Minors	
Quiz – 1NT and Balanced Hand Responses	
Quiz – Stayman or Jacoby Transfer?	
Opener Maximum	16
18-19 balanced points – Open One of a Suit, then <i>jump</i> in NT	
20-21 balanced points – Open 2NT	
22+ balanced points – Open 2♣ – <i>only</i> forcing Opening Bid in Standard Am	
Quiz – What's Opener's Rebid	
Quiz What's Opener's Reold	22 23
FIRST SEAT – Opener Bids	24
Part Two – Opening UNBALANCED Hands (Opponents pass)	
Onanar Sub Minimum 6 10 naints	2.4
Opener Sub-Minimum 6-10 points	
Preemptive Bids (Opener only rebids after Responder's 2NT or	2.4
New Suit below game level)	
Quiz – Preemptive Bids & Rebids	28-29
Opener Minimum 12-15 points	30
Opener Medium 16-18 points	31
Opener Maximum 19-21 points	32
Quiz – Minimum, Medium, or Maximum?	
Jump Shifts 18-21 (<i>jump</i> in level, <i>shift</i> in suit)	
Reverses 16-17 or 18-21	
Quiz – Jump Shift or Reverse?	
Zail vamp sinte of tee verse.	12 fJ
Opener's Rebids after Responder's forcing Cuebid (with 10+ points)	44

SECOND SEAT – Overcalls and Doubles	45
• Suit Overcall 7-17	
• 1NT Overcall 15-17	45
Preemptive Jump Overcall	
Takeout Double 13-17	
Strong-Hand Double 17+	49
Overcaller's Rebids	
Doubler's Rebids	52
Quiz – Pass, Overcall, or Double?	54-55
THIRD SEAT – Responder Bids	56
Bid New Good Suit 6+ at 1-level; 10+ at 2-level	
Raise Opener's Suit	
Bid Notrump	
• Negative Double 6+ at 1- or 2-level; 10+ at 3-level	
Cuebid/Redouble	
Quiz – Responder's Bids in Competition	
FOURTH SEAT – Advancer Bids	64
Advancer's Bids after Partner Doubles	64
Pass is available if Responder bids or redoubles	64
Bid New Suit	64
Bid Notrump	67
Redouble/Cuebid	68
Quiz – Advancer's Bids after Partner Doubles	70-71
Advancer's Bids after Partner Overcalls	
• Pass	
Raise Overcaller's Suit	
Bid New Good Suit Pinner Bid New Good Suit	
Bid Notrump	
Ouiz – Advancer's Bids after Partner Overcalls	/8-/9

Teacher's Notes

What Do These Bids Mean? is a brief bidding review for experienced novices, and early intermediate players. The novel concept is the **visualization** of everyone's hands **from their bids only**. What do their bids promise? How many cards? How many points? What do their bids show? What do they deny? Are they forcing?

Only Bidding Boxes are used – no cards! Really! Only the 15 Quizzes and 36 Final Test Deals show actual hands. By the time students take the Quizzes, and bid the Test Deals, their visualization of everyone's bids will be superb! The Teacher's Manual contains 10 additional Quizzes – again with actual hands – to be copied for the students.

These exercises review Minimum, Medium, and Maximum hands and how to bid them based on your bidding position at the table: Opener, Overcaller/Doubler, Responder, or Advancer. We also review What's Forcing? and why.

These review lessons move fast, and may be overwhelming for students not already at least *somewhat* familiar with the concepts. Students find these reviews helpful in organizing and refining their knowledge of these bidding basics. Stayman and Jacoby Transfers are the only two conventions used. Examples start simply, but quickly get complicated.

This Teacher's Manual is designed for *experienced* teachers. All activities are designed to be taught at bridge tables. Teachers may simply read from the text. The examples are progressive, and are intended to be presented as written.

Many examples are written in a shortened form. For example, the following bidding sequence shows several rebids by South. Please call out each bid one-by-one and review its meaning and if it's forcing. If students need extra time to understand a concept, you may always choose to say things like: "What does North's 2NT bid mean, and is it forcing? Please discuss at your table." Then give them a few minutes. Then say what North's 2NT bid means. Then call out South's rebids one-by-one and discuss their individual meaning, and if they're forcing. A little chart like this may actually take 5 minutes or more to review with the students

West	North	East	South
			2♥
Pass	2NT	Pass	3♥ = rebid original suit with minimum hand – not forcing
			$3 \clubsuit / 3 \spadesuit / 3 \spadesuit = A$ or Kx in bid "feature" suit – not forcing
			3NT = solid Trump Suit – AKQxxx – not forcing

Sections often give only one or two examples of each concept, so take time to explain each one carefully. Students always take longer than expected to figure out the meaning of possible bids (and why), before settling on their final answer. It's always better to fully explain and understand one concept, than to rush through too much information incompletely.

What Do These Bids Mean? – Teacher's Manual – Outline

Introduction:

Let's look at some possible bids and rebids from the perspective of where we're sitting.

- First Seat Opens the Bidding
- Second Seat Overcalls or Doubles
- Third Seat is Responder
- Fourth Seat is Advancer

Easy, right? But let's get more complicated. What's forcing? This is easy, too:

- A bid that is *unlimited* is **forcing**.
- A bid that is *limited* is **not forcing**.

What bids and rebids show a minimum, medium or maximum hand?

These ranges vary depending on where you're sitting. We'll review it all. Let's get started!

FIRST SEAT – OPENER BIDS

Part One - Opening BALANCED Hands, Responses & Rebids. Opponents pass.

Please look at page 1 in your book at the chart titled "Opener's Balanced Hand Bids." Let's visualize some bidding sequences to review how Opener and Responder bid Balanced Hands with different point counts. The Opponents will pass for now.

We'll just use our Bidding Boxes – no hands until we take the quizzes! Really!

Opener's Balanced Hand Bids

12-14 – Open One of a Suit, rebid 1NT

15-17 – Open 1NT

18-19 – Open One of a Suit, *jump* in Notrump

20-21 - Open 2NT

22-24 – Open 2♣, rebid 2NT

25-27 – Open 2♣, rebid 3NT

28-30 – Open 2♣, rebid 4NT,

(etc. by 3-point ranges)

"Call and Response" is a sentence which you start ... and the students finish together.

Supplies Needed per Table

Bidding Boxes, Guide Cards, What Do These Bids Mean? books, Notepaper, Pencils. No cards!

Quiz Copies for Students

Please copy the Teacher's Manual Quizzes on front-and-back pages (questions on front/answers on back):

First Seat – Part One

- Quiz 1NT and Balanced Hand Responses
- Quiz Stayman or Jacoby Transfer?
- Quiz What's Opener's Rebid

First Seat – Part Two

- Quiz *Preemptive* Bids & Rebids
- Quiz Minimum, Medium, or Maximum?
- Quiz Jump Shift or Reverse?

Second Seat

• Quiz – Pass, Overcall, or Double?

Third Seat

• Quiz – Responder's Bids in Competition

Fourth Seat

- Ouiz Advancer's Bids after Partner Doubles
- Quiz Advancer's Bids after Partner Overcalls

Final Test Deals & FULL DEALS

Deals #1-9 – after First Seat – Part One	See book pp. 70 - 82
Deals #10-18 – after First Seat – Part Two	See book pp. 124 - 136
Deals #19-27 – after Third Seat	See book pp. 172 - 184
Deals #28-36 – after Fourth Seat	See book pp. 200 - 212

We'll start our review with Opener showing a:

Minimum 12-14 point Balanced Hand

With 12-14 balanced points, Opener bids One of a Suit, planning to rebid 1NT.

Please put your book aside.

Let's **visualize** the following bidding sequence:

West North East South

1♣

Q: How many points does North have?

A: 12-21 points, including length points.

Q: What bids *doesn't* North have?

A: 1NT, 2NT, 2♣, and probably no 5-card or longer major to bid 1♥ or 1♠.

Okay, East, please Pass; and South, please Pass.

West North East South

1♣ Pass Pass

Q: Now, what does South have?

A: Not 6 points to bid anything.

Even if North opened with a maximum 21 points, without 6 points by South, they probably didn't miss game. It's okay! The Opponents will surely **not** let North play 1♣ – they'll bid!

However the bidding continues, North knows that South *does not have* 6 points; so any further bidding by South will be purely **competitive**.

Okay, **South**, please change your Pass to 1.

West North East South

1♣ Pass 1◆

Q: Now what does South have?

A: 6 or more points, 4 or more Diamonds.

Let's pause a moment to review an important concept: What is Forcing? How do we know?

Let's think of **Forcing** like this:

- If your bid is *unlimited*, your bid is **Forcing**.
- If your bid *limits* your hand, your bid is **Not Forcing**.

Let's apply these two ideas so far.

Q: Is North's Opening 1♣ forcing?

A: No, it's limited to 21 points. Without 6 points, South may happily Pass.

Remember: the only forcing opening bid is the strong 2♣.

Q: Is South's 1♦ forcing?

A: Yes, because it shows 6 *or more* points – with no a top limit.

This concept of **Forcing** is very important. South may have a full opening hand, or even more, but does not need to jump in the bidding. South just bids 1, knowing that "A New Suit by *unpassed* Responder is Forcing."

This means that if South had already passed, 1 • would not be forcing.

Please note that any level of Notrump is also **not forcing** because Notrump bids **limit** your hand.

South, please change your 1♦ to 1♥.

Q: Now what does South have?

West North East South

1♣ Pass 1♥

A: 6 or more points, and 4 or more Hearts.

Q: Is it forcing?

A: Yes! It is an unlimited bid!

South, please change your 1♥ to 1♠.

West North East South
1♣ Pass 1♠

Same, right? 6 or more points, and 4 or more Spades. Forcing.

West, please Pass; North, please rebid 1NT.

West North East South

1♣ Pass 1♠

Pass 1NT

Q: What does North's rebid of 1NT show?

A: 12-14 balanced points, without 4 spades.

Q: Is North's 1NT rebid forcing?

A: No, because Notrump bids limit your hand, and are therefore not forcing.

Q: How do we know North's 1NT rebid shows *only* 12-14 balanced points?

A: Because with 15-17, North would have **opened** 1NT.

Okay, **South**, please change your 1♠ to 1NT. **North**, please put back your 1NT.

West North East South

1♣ Pass 1NT

Pass

O: What does South have?

A: 6-9 balanced points; and no 4+ card major.

Q: North, if you have a minimum 12-14 point balanced hand, what's your next call?

A: Pass.

North, please Pass.

West North East South
1♣ Pass 1NT

Pass Pass

With a minimum 12-14 point balanced hand, Opener wanted to stop in 1NT anyway, and Responder did it for them. So, just Pass!

Later, you may want to take the **Balanced Minimum Opener Rebids** Quiz on page 8.

Everyone, please put back your bids.

Now let's continue with Opener showing a:

Medium 15-17 point Balanced Hand

With 15-17 balanced points, we Open 1NT - not forcing.

North has the standard 15-17 High Card Point (HCP) *balanced* hand: no void, no singleton, and not more than one doubleton. We don't count shortness or length points – just High Card Points. Please **do not** open 1NT with 14 or 18 points – there are other ways to bid those hands.

Please note that in this book, we do not open 1NT with a 5-card major. Okay?

When you open 1NT, please look at it and decide if it's:

- minimum 15 or a bad 16 points, or
- maximum 17 or a good 16 points

You'll need this information if Responder bids 2NT*, 4NT*, or 5NT*.

If Responder Passes, or bids 3NT, 6NT, or 7NT, you're off the hook – you'll Pass!

Let's look at page 3, paragraph 1, in the book and review the Standard **Balanced Hand** Responses to 1NT:

(Call and Response) – "Okay, Everybody, after Partner opens 1NT:"

"With **0-7** balanced points, Responder" ... Passes

"With 8-9 balanced points, Responder bids" ... 2NT*

"Which asks Opener to" ... Pass or bid 3NT

"With 10-15 balanced points, Responder bids" ... 3NT

Okay, that's easy – we're all used to making 2NT and 3NT responses to 1NT.

Balanced Hand Responses to Opener's 1NT Point Range Chart

Standard Bids

0-7 balanced Points = Pass

8-9 balanced Points = 2NT* (asks Opener to Pass or Bid 3NT)

10-15 balanced Points = 3NT

Quantitative Bids (by 2-Point Ranges)

16-17 balanced Points = 4NT* (asks Opener to Pass or Bid 6NT)

18-19 balanced Points = 6NT

20-21 balanced Points = 5NT* (asks Opener to Bid 6NT or 7NT)

22+ balanced Points = 7NT

*Responder's 2NT, 4NT, and 5NT bids ask Opener to further describe his 1NT hand:

- 15 points is minimum
- 16 points requires judgment**
- 17 points is maximum

Note: When both partners have balanced hands, it's the "quantity" of points that determines how high to bid (hence "Quantitative" Bids).

**16-Point Hands Requiring Judgment

- How do I know if my 16 point hand is 'good' or 'bad'?
- Do I *upgrade* or *downgrade* my 16-point hand?

Possible considerations may be:

- If your honor cards are working together in the same suits, perhaps *upgrade* your hand.
- If your honor cards are split up in different suits, perhaps downgrade your hand.
- If you have a good 5-card minor suit, perhaps *upgrade* your hand.

Let's visualize the Quantitative Balanced Hand Responses to Opener's 1NT.

After Partner Opens 1NT, Responder, with 16 or more balanced points, knows that slam is now possible. Quantitative Bids let us see if we have enough combined points for a slam. When both partners have balanced hands, it's the "quantity" of points that determines how high to bid in notrump (hence "Quantitative" Bids).

Now, let's look paragraph two – Quantitative Bids. Notice that the responses are in 2-Point Ranges beginning at the "top" of an Opening 1NT Bid – that is, 16 or 17 points.

* Like Responder's 2NT bid, 4NT and 5NT are "asking" bids, asking Opener to further describe her 1NT hand: 15 is minimum, 16 requires judgment, 17 is maximum.

Also, please notice that as Responder's point counts go up by 2-point ranges, Responder's bids seem to be out of order: 4NT, 6NT, 5NT, 7NT. This is correct. Let's see why.

Let's review South's **Balanced Hand** Responses to North's Opening 1NT: (Call and Response) – "Okay, Everybody, after Partner opens 1NT:"

"With 16-17 balanced points, Responder bids" ... 4NT "Which asks Opener to" ... Pass or bid 6NT "With 18-19 balanced points, Responder bids" ... 6NT "With 20-21 balanced points, Responder bids" ... 5NT "Which asks Opener to bid" ... 6NT or 7NT "With 22+ balanced points, Responder bids"... 7NT

Okay! Please put your book aside.

Later, you may want to take the **Balanced Medium Opener Rebids** Quiz on page 16.

For now, let's do a little review quiz. **Discuss** the answers at your table, and then check the answers on the back of your handout.

(The quiz below may be copied front-and-back for the students. This guiz is different from the Quiz on page 16 in the book).

What Do These Bids Mean? 1NT and Balanced Hand Responses Quiz

Partner opens 1NT. What do you (South) respond with these balanced hands?

West North 1NT	East South Pass ???		
1. ♠ AQ9	2. ♠ KQ4	3. ♠ AQ4	4. ♠ KQJ
♥ KQ2	♥ KQ2	♥ QJ2	♥ KQ2
♦ J752	♦ AK54	◆ AKQ4	♦ KQ4
♣ AK8	♣ A82	♣ KQ8	♣ 9842

You (South) open 1NT. What's your rebid after partner responds 4NT?

W	Vest	North	East	South 1NT		
Pa	ass	4NT	Pass	???		
5. ♠	AQ ²	1	6.	♠ KQJ	7. ♠ AQ4	8. ♠ KQ
Y	QJ2	•		♥ KQ2	♥ QJ2	♥ KQ72
♦	QJ9			♦ K43	♦ A964	◆ AQ4
♣	K94	12		♣ K974	♣ K42	♣ 9754
		_				

You (South) open 1NT. What's your rebid after partner responds 5NT?

	West	North	East	South 1NT		
	Pass	5NT	Pass	???		
9.	♠ AQ	4	10.	♠ KQJ	11. ♠ AQ4	12. ♠ KQ
	♥ QJ2	2		♥ KQ2	♥ QJ2	♥ KQ72
	♦ QJ9)		♦ K43	◆ A964	♦ AQ4
	♣ K94	12		♣ K974	♣ K42	♣ 9754
		_				

1NT and Balanced Hand ResponsesAnswers to Quiz

- 1. **6NT.** Add your 19 points to Opener's 15-17, and you have 34-36. Small slam.
- 2. **5NT.** With your 21 points, you ask partner to bid 6NT (min) or 7NT (max).
- 3. **7NT.** With your 23 points, you total 38-40 points. Just bid the grand slam!
- 4. 4NT. With your 16 points, ask partner to Pass (min) or bid 6NT (max).
- 5. **Pass.** You have a minimum hand. Partner's 16-17 isn't enough for slam.
- 6. **6NT.** Your 17 and partner16-17 is enough for small slam.
- 7. **6NT/Pass.** It's up to you. Judgment is required. Some days 6NT will make.
- 8. **6NT/Pass.** It's up to you. Judgment is required. Some days 6NT is down!
- 9. **6NT.** Your 15 and partner's 20-21 totals only 35-36. Small slam only.
- 10. 7NT. Your 17 and partner's 20-21 totals 37-38. Bid the grand slam!
- 11. 6NT. Your 16 and partner's 20-21 totals 36-37. You could be missing an Ace.
- 12. **6NT.** Your 16 and partner's 20-21 totals 36-37. You could be missing an Ace.

After 1NT Opener – Responder's Quantitative Bids (by 2-Point Ranges)

- **16-17** *balanced* Points = 4NT (asks Opener to Pass or Bid 6NT)
- **18-19** *balanced* Points = 6NT
- **20-21** balanced Points = 5NT (asks Opener to Bid 6NT or 7NT)
- **22**+ *balanced* Points = 7NT

STEP-BY-STEP EXERCISES

Teacher's Manual to accompany What Do These Bids Mean?

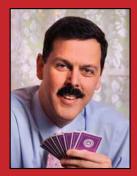
Step-by-step exercises **visualize** everyone's hands from their **bids only**. No cards! Multiple possible Bids and Rebids show minimum, medium, or maximum hands.

Only the book's **15 Quizzes & Answers** show actual hands.

36 Final Test Deals give all four hands to bid and compare with Suggested Bidding.

Chapters may be taught individually or as sets of classes. All activities are taught at bridge tables with just Bidding Boxes.

This Teacher's Manual contains 10 additional Quizzes & Answers to hand out. They show just one hand, and how the surrounding bidding changes how that hand is bid.



Timothy LeVan is owner & founder of the Camp Hill (Pennsylvania) Bridge Club, and an ACBL-accredited club director, teacher, and soon Silver Life Master. He is also accredited by Easybridge!, and Audrey Grant's Better Bridge.

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